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中再寿险 2013年度报告

CHINA LIFE REINSURANCE COMPANY LTD.
ANNUAL REPORT 2013





中国人寿再保险股份有限公司——获得贝氏评级公司

(A.M.BestCo.)"A 级(优秀)"的财务实力评级(FSR)和"a 级"的发行人信用评级(ICR)。









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第一部分 公司介绍

一、简介



中国人寿再保险股份有限公司(以下简称"公司")是经国务院同意和中国保险监督管理委员会批准,于 2003年12月成立的中国境内唯一一家专门经营人寿再保险业务的公司。公司注册资本为67.2亿元人民币,是中国再保险(集团)股份有限公司(以下简称"中再集团")绝对控股的主营业务子公司。公司总部设在北京,在上海、深圳各设有一家分公司。

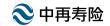
公司坚持诚信原则、谨慎经营,以股东价值为 核心,以市场和客户需求为导向,致力于创办基业 常青的百年老店。

公司业务经营范围涵盖了包括人寿险、健康险、

意外伤害险、年金在内的各类险种,通过提供合同分保和临时分保,以比例或非比例方式等再保险安排为客户转移和化解风险。

公司对中国寿险再保险市场有着深刻的认知,并积累了丰富的经验。通过专业化的技术服务为客户分散风险,公司与客户逐步建立了"长期合作、风险共担、利益共享、实现双赢"的合作机制。目前,公司几乎与国内所有寿险公司都建立了业务往来,赢得了良好的市场信誉,市场份额一直处于市场领先地位。与此同时,公司注重加强与国际寿险和寿险再保险的同业交流,密切关注国际寿险和寿险再保险市场的发展趋势和业务创新,积极拓展国际再保险业务。

2 公司介绍



公司拥有一支年轻化、专业化、高素质的优秀人才队伍和管理团队,吸纳并培养了众多经验丰富的精算师、核保师、核赔师和营销人才,能够为客户提供最快捷、最优质服务,并根据客户的不同需求提供个性化服务。

2013年,公司保费收入、资产规模、税后利润、股东回报等各项经营数据均刷新历史记录。公司全年实现分保费收入 182.61亿元,分入保费规模合计 213.45亿元(含万能险 30.85亿元),总资产达到 596.03亿元,所有者权益 77.87亿元,税前利润 12.09亿元,净利润 9.48亿元。截至 2013年底,公司已与 90余家境内、外公司建立了合同关系,有效再保险分入合同及附约数量突破 1000个,作为首席再保险人的新签合同和附约比例达到 80%。按照中国保监会《保险公司偿付能力报告编报规则》等相关规定,公司偿付能力充足率为 174%。

自2010年起,公司持续获得贝氏评级公司(A.M. Best Co.)"A级(优秀)"的财务实力评级(FSR)和"a级"的发行人信用评级(ICR)。该等评级展望为稳定,反映了公司优越的风险调整后资本总额、稳健的准备金提取政策和在中国再保险市场上领先的业务地位,为公司实现市场化、专业化、国际化战略目标提供了必要支撑。



二、公司董事、监事和高级管理人员

1、董事会成员

姓名	职 务	任职时间
王平生	董事长	2012年11月
张晓红	副董事长	2009年07月
谢 刚	董事	2011年06月
秦泓波	董事	2012年07月
左惠强	董事	2012年11月
李 明	董事	2012年11月
曲家浩	董事	2012年07月

2、监事会成员

姓 名	职务	任职时间
蒋志喜	监事会主席	2009年06月
曹顺明	监事	2011年11月
辜湘昆	职工监事	2009年06月

3、高级管理人员

姓名	职务	任职时间
张晓红	总 经 理	2006年01月
谢 刚	合规负责人	2011年06月
成小平	副总经理	2009年07月
)) X/J・	财务负责人	2010年01月
方 力	副总 经理	2009 年 07 月
田美攀	副总 经理	2011年02月
山大季	总精 算师	2009年09月





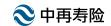




负债及股东权益	2013年12月31日	2012年12月31日	2011年12月31日
负债:			
卖出回购金融资产	590,000,000	5,718,900,000	1,130,000,000
应付股利		300,000,711	100,000,000
应付分保账款	4,648,537,977	2,513,679,265	1,279,293,850
应付职工薪酬	78,622,915	85,548,366	72,290,655
应交税费	4,553,855	12,141,460	402,408
保户储金及投资款	5,982,874,142	3,158,292,768	1,238,443,613
未到期责任准备金	749,794,464	677,473,036	665,689,457
未决赔款准备金	2,080,960,929	1,664,385,160	1,523,721,936
寿险责任准备金	34,305,036,892	30,018,344,006	24,301,231,050
长期健康险责任准备金	2,996,387,110	2,721,167,423	2,260,421,847
递延所得税负债	135,406,427	237,829,475	95,521,866
其他负债	243,612,489	235,628,789	156,981,674
负债合计	51,815,787,200	47,343,390,459	32,823,998,356
股东权益:			
股本	6,720,000,000	5,720,000,000	4,220,000,000
资本公积	(606,470,488)	(23,677,353)	(240,684,428)
盈余公积	207,355,098	112,561,332	76,505,129
一般风险准备	207,355,098	112,561,332	76,505,129
未分配利润	1,258,840,069	500,489,949	512,041,028
股东权益合计	7,787,079,777	6,421,935,260	4,644,366,858
负债和股东权益总计	59,602,866,977	53,765,325,719	37,468,365,214

五、利润表

项 目	2013 年度	2012 年度	2011 年度
一、营业收入	18,652,946,307	16,819,172,600	16,440,188,940
已赚保费	16,169,851,082	15,010,580,326	15,433,058,392
保险业务收入	18,260,628,437	15,902,507,198	16,055,082,676
其中: 分保费收入	18,260,628,437	15,902,507,198	16,055,082,676
减: 分出保费	(2,035,752,601)	(900,228,000)	(949,150,704)
提取未到期责任准备金	(55,024,754)	8,301,128	327,126,420
投资收益	2,145,767,548	1,443,944,323	780,661,198
公允价值变动收益(损失)	11,657,841	2,333,219	(34,084,755)
汇兑收益(损失)	34,852,806	598,276	(5,790,710)
其他业务收入	290,817,030	361,716,456	266,344,815
二、营业支出	(17,443,451,949)	(16,377,445,167)	(16,266,017,698)
退保金	(5,789,125,117)	(3,931,906,634)	(1,583,477,715)
赔付支出	(4,635,840,472)	(4,362,336,773)	(1,740,829,196)
减:摊回赔付支出	396,903,760	353,357,226	138,708,409
提取保险责任准备金	(4,981,153,371)	(6,304,015,902)	(11,355,338,637)
减:摊回保险责任准备金/(转回分保责任准备金)	1,382,103,639	375,950,281	293,601,789
分保费用	(3,663,058,250)	(2,347,105,252)	(2,423,690,473)
营业税金及附加	(7,364,502)	(11,441,480)	(3,547,065)
业务及管理费	(130,693,421)	(141,076,967)	(126,141,801)
减:摊回分保费用	238,611,112	130,132,672	410,625,094
其他业务成本	(267,119,369)	(115,421,424)	(39,991,894)
资产减值转回	13,284,042	(23,580,914)	164,063,791
三、营业利润	1,209,494,358	441,727,433	174,171,242
加:营业外收入	19,259	36,260	16,200
减:营业外支出	(816,218)	(320,242)	(111,947)
四、利润总额	1,208,697,399	441,443,451	174,075,495
减: 所得税费用	(260,759,747)	(80,881,413)	(41,301,748)
五、净利润	947,937,652	360,562,038	132,773,747
六、其他综合收益	(582,793,135)	217,007,075	(310,897,831)
七、综合收益总额	365,144,517	577,569,113	(178,124,084)

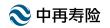


六、现金流量表

项 目	2013 年度	2012 年度	2011 年度
一、经营活动产生的现金流量			
收到再保业务现金净额	5,253,124,901	6,243,458,121	8,167,589,523
投资型保险合同款净增加额	3,042,601,455	1,355,501,083	328,401,560
收到其他与经营活动有关的现金	47,945,370	6,091,187	3,324,841
经营活动现金流入小计	8,343,671,726	7,605,050,391	8,499,315,924
支付给职工以及为职工支付的现金	(83,367,251)	(69,958,857)	(58,107,989)
支付的各项税费	(223,163,237)	(11,922,722)	(11,811,775)
支付其他与经营活动有关的现金	(67,375,375)	(56,142,912)	(46,717,049)
经营活动现金流出小计	(373,905,863)	(138,024,491)	(116,636,813)
经营活动产生的现金流量净额	7,969,765,863	7,467,025,900	8,382,679,111
二、投资活动产生的现金流量			
收回投资收到的现金	7,512,772,905	8,876,856,250	6,403,157,325
取得投资收益收到的现金	2,252,237,582	1,367,936,146	337,440,561
买入返售证券收到的现金	76,671,760,840	30,813,028,725	39,056,119,614
收到其他与投资活动有关的现金	106,113,050	263,326,725	64,338,120
投资活动现金流入小计	86,542,884,377	41,321,147,846	45,861,055,620
投资支付的现金	(12,750,983,174)	(23,283,153,929)	(16,481,805,586)
购建固定资产、无形资产和	(7,410,298)	(7,145,730)	(6,928,936)
其他长期资产支付的现金			
买入返售证券支付的现金	(76,607,698,000)	(30,957,050,015)	(39,038,700,000)
支付其他与投资活动有关的现金	(185,961,214)	(197,353,756)	(85,769,282)
投资活动现金流出小计	(89,552,052,686)	(54,444,703,430)	(55,613,203,804)
投资活动产生的现金流量净额	(3,009,168,309)	(13,123,555,584)	(9,752,148,184)
三、筹资活动产生的现金流量:			
吸收投资收到的现金	1,000,000,000	1,500,000,000	-
卖出回购证券收到的现金	42,042,654,307	89,372,479,640	9,771,900,000
筹资活动现金流入小计	43,042,654,307	90,872,479,640	9,771,900,000
分配股利、利润或偿付利息支付的现金	(300,000,711)	(100,000,000)	
卖出回购证券支付的现金	(47,237,634,360)	(84,842,641,635)	(8,649,281,224)
筹资活动现金流出小计	(47,537,635,071)	(84,942,641,635)	(8,649,281,224)
筹资活动产生的现金流量净额	(4,494,980,764)	5,929,838,005	1,122,618,776
四、汇率变动对现金及现金等价物的影响	34,918,867	(266,934)	(704,309)
五、现金及现金等价物净增加额	500,535,657	273,041,387	(247,554,606)
加:期初现金及现金等价物余额	473,307,281	00,265,894	447,820,500
六、期末现金及现金等价物余额	973,842,938	473,307,281	200,265,894



项 目	股本	资本公积	盈余公积	一般风险准备	未分配利润	股东权益合计
2011年1月1日余额	4,220,000,000	70,213,403	63,227,754	63,227,754	505,822,031	4,922,490,942
2011 年度增减变动额	-	-	-	-	-	-
净利润	-	-	-	-	132,773,747	132,773,747
其他综合收益	-	(310,897,831)	-	-	-	(310,897,831)
提取盈余公积	-	-	13,277,375	-	(13,277,375)	-
提取风险准备	-	-	-	13,277,375	(13,277,375)	-
利润分配 - 分红					(100,000,000)	(100,000,000)
2011年12月31日余额	4,220,000,000	(240,684,428)	76,505,129	76,505,129	512,041,028	4,644,366,858
2012 年度增减变动额	-	-	-	-	-	-
增资	1,500,000,000					1,500,000,000
净利润					360,562,038	360,562,038
其他综合收益		217,007,075				217,007,075
提取盈余公积			36,056,203		(36,056,203)	
提取风险准备				36,056,203	(36,056,203)	
利润分配 - 分红					(300,000,711)	(300,000,711)
2012年12月31日余额	5,720,000,000	(23,677,353)	112,561,332	112,561,332	500,489,949	6,421,935,260
2013 年度增减变动额						
增资	1,000,000,000					1,000,000,000
净利润					947,937,652	947,937,652
其他综合收益		(582,793,135)				(582,793,135)
提取盈余公积			94,793,766		(94,793,766)	
提取风险准备				94,793,766	(94,793,766)	
2013年12月31日余额	6,720,000,000	(606,470,488)	207,355,098	207,355,098	1,258,840,069	7,787,079,777



八、附注

1. 财务报表的编制基准

本财务报表按照财政部于 2006 年 2 月 15 日颁布的《企业会计准则一基本准则》和 38 项具体会计准则、 其后颁布的企业会计准则应用指南、企业会计准则解释以及其他相关规定(以下合称"企业会计准则")编制。

2. 会计年度

会计年度为公历 1 月 1 日起至 12 月 31 日止。

3. 记账本位币

记账本位币为人民币。

4. 外币折算

外币交易按照系统合理的方法确定的、与交易发生日即期汇率近似的汇率将外币金额折算为人民币 金额。

于资产负债表日,外币货币性项目采用该日的即期汇率折算为人民币,所产生的折算差额直接计入当期损益。以历史成本计量的外币非货币性项目,于资产负债表日仍采用交易发生日的即期汇率折算。汇率变动对现金的影响额,在现金流量表中单独列示。

5. 金融资产

金融资产于初始确认时分类为:以公允价值计量且其变动计入当期损益的金融资产、贷款和应收款项、可供出售金融资产和持有至到期投资。金融资产的分类取决于本公司对金融资产的持有意图和持有能力。

6. 固定资产和折旧

固定资产包括房屋及建筑物、电子设备、电器设备、办公及文字处理设备、交通运输设备、办公家具 及其他固定资产等。购置或新建的固定资产按取得时的实际成本进行初始计量。

固定资产折旧采用年限平均法并按其成本扣除预计净残值后在预计使用寿命内计提。对计提了减值准备的固定资产,则在未来期间按扣除减值准备后的账面价值及依据尚可使用年限确定折旧额。



本公司的无形资产主要为计算机软件系统,以实际成本计量,并采用直线法按 5 年摊销。当无形资产的可收回金额低于其账面价值时,账面价值减记至可收回金额。

8. 重大风险测试

本公司对既承担保险风险又承担其他风险、且保险风险部分和其他风险部分能够区分并单独计量的合同, 将保险风险部分和其他风险部分进行分拆。保险风险部分确定为保险合同;其他风险部分确定为非保险合同。 保险风险部分和其他风险部分不能够区分、或者虽能够区分但不能够单独计量的,如果保险风险重大,本公 司将整个合同确定为保险合同;如果保险风险不重大,本公司将整个合同确定为非保险合同。本公司的保险 合同均为再保险合同。

本公司对再保险合同项下每一会计期间分出人相关原保险合同保费收入进行估计,再根据再保险合同约定计算确认本期的分保费收入。本公司所签订的不符合保险合同定义的其他合同,按照金融资产或金融负债进行确认和计量。

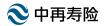
9. 保险合同成本

保险合同成本主要包括已发生的手续费、赔付成本以及提取的各项保险合同准备金等。

赔付成本包括保险人支付的赔款、给付以及在理赔过程中发生的律师费、诉讼费、损失检验费、相关理赔人员薪酬等理赔费用。赔付成本与在取得保险合同过程中发生的手续费一并于发生时计入当期损益。

本公司在确认分保费收入的当期,根据相关再保险合同的约定,计算确定分保费用,计入当期损益。本公司根据相关再保险合同的约定,在能够计算确定应向再保险分出人支付的调整手续费和纯益手续费时,将 该类手续费作为分保费用,计入当期损益。

12财务状况



本公司在收到分保业务账单时,按照账单标明的金额对前期预估的相关分保费用进行调整,调整金额计入当期损益。

本公司在收到分保业务账单的当期,按照账单标明的分保赔付款项金额,作为分保赔款成本,计入当期损益,同时,调整相应的准备金余额。

本公司在确认分保费收入的当期,按照相关分出再保险合同的约定,计算确定分出保费和应向再保险分入人摊回的分保费用,计入当期损益。本公司在确定支付赔付款项金额或实际发生理赔费用而冲减再保险合同相应准备金余额的当期,计算确定应向再保险分入人摊回的赔付成本,计入当期损益,冲减相应的应收分保准备金余额。

10. 保险合同准备金

本公司在资产负债表日以保险合同产生的未来预期的净现金流出为基础,并考虑货币时间价值的影响确定保险合同准备金。在确定保险合同准备金时,原则上将具有同质保险风险的保险合同组合作为一个计量单元。

本公司在确定保险合同准备金时考虑边际因素并单独计量。本公司在保险期间内,采用系统、合理的方法将边际计入当期损益。本公司在保险合同初始确认日不确认首日利得,当发生首日损失时,本公司予以确认并计入当期损益。

在提取各项保险合同准备金的当期,本公司按照相关再保险合同的约定,估计再保险合同现金流量,并将从再保险分入人摊回的保险合同准备金确认为相应的应收分保准备金资产。

11. 金融负债

金融负债主要包括卖出回购金融资产和保户储金及投资款。

卖出回购金融资产为按照回购协议先卖出再按固定价格买入的票据、证券、贷款等金融资产所融入的资金。卖出回购金融资产按摊余成本计量。

投资型合同项下的相关负债计入保户储金及投资款,按公允价值进行初始确认,以摊余成本进行后续计量。

当金融负债的现时义务全部或部分已经解除时,终止确认该金融负债或义务已解除的部分。终止确认部分的账面价值与支付的对价之间的差额,计入当期损益。

12. 递延所得税资产和负债

递延所得税资产和递延所得税负债根据资产和负债的计税基础与其账面价值的差额(暂时性差异)计算确认。对于按照税法规定能够于以后年度抵减应纳税所得额的可抵扣亏损,视同暂时性差异确认相应的递延所得税资产。于资产负债表日,递延所得税资产和递延所得税负债按照预期收回该资产或清偿该负债期间的适用税率计量。

延所得税资产的确认以本公司很可能取得用来抵扣可抵扣暂时性差异、可抵扣亏损和税款抵减的应纳税 所得额为限。

同时满足下列条件的递延所得税资产和递延所得税负债以抵销后的净额列示:

递延所得税资产和递延所得税负债与同一税收征管部门对本公司内同一纳税主体征收的所得税相关; 纳税主体拥有以净额结算当期所得税资产及当期所得税负债的法定权利。

13. 一般风险准备金

根据中国财政部 2007 年 3 月 30 日颁布的《金融企业财务规则——实施指南》规定,本公司需要按本年实现净利润的 10% 提取一般风险准备,用于巨灾风险的补偿,不得用于分红或转增资本。

14. 税项

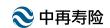
本公司适用的企业所得税税率为 25%。

本公司适用的营业税率为 5%。营业税金附加包括城市维护建设税及教育费附加等,按营业税的一定比例征收。

本公司对于买卖股票、证券投资基金及债券的差价收入等按照规定缴纳营业税。

审计意见:

公司 2013 年度财务报表已经过毕马威华振会计师事务所(特殊普通合伙)审计。该所出具了标准无保留意见的审计报告。



第三部分 业务经营情况

九、业务概况

2013年,公司以长期资本回报为着眼点,大力推动体制机制改革创新,稳固核心业务领域市场主导地位,加大战略性业务的重点开发和投入,把握策略性业务市场机遇,推动业务均衡发展。公司业务经营范围涵盖了包括人寿险、健康险、意外伤害险、年金在内的各类险种,通过提供合同分保和临时分保,以比例或非比例方式等再保险安排为客户转移和化解风险。公司巩固了在境内寿险再保险市场的主渠道地位;跨境结算人民币业务取得持续稳定的发展,业务合作区域已覆盖香港、澳门、新加坡等地区和国家,海外市场影响力不断扩大。截止 2013 年底,公司已与 90 余家境内、外公司建立了合同合作关系,有效再保险分入合同及附约突破 1000 件。

2013年,公司实现分保费收入 182.61亿元,其中短期险业务收入 48.41亿元人民币,同比增长 28.87%,综合成本率同比上升 0.19个百分点;长期险业务收入 134.20亿元,同比增长 10.48%,死亡率、发病率、住院给付的 A/E 均表现良好,由于部分财务再合同终止,退保率较 2012年明显升高。



公司主要业务指标

单位: 百万元人民币

指	标	2013年12月31日 2013年1月-12月	2012 年 12 月 31 日 2012 年 1 月 -12 月	2011年12月31日 2011年1月-12月
投资资产		45,814.78	41,286.60	26,370.32
投资净收益率 资税费) (%		4.96	4.37	4.16
■长期险业务				
分保费收入		13,419.83	12,146.30	12,878.22
分出保费		930.49	-	-
自留比例 (%)	93.07	100.00	100.00
分保费用净	额	-2,314.55	-1,340.75	-1,181.80
赔付支出净	额	-1,870.20	-1,942.60	-322.25
退保金净额		-5,789.25	-3,931.91	-1,583.48
退保率 (%))	16.77	9.72	7.47
■短期险业务				
分保费收入		4,840.80	3,756.21	3,176.87
分出保费		-1,105.26	-900.23	-949.15
自留比例 (%)	77.17	76.03	70.12
已赚保费净	额	3,680.51	2,864.28	2,554.84
分保费用净	额	-1,109.66	-875.83	-831.27
赔付支出净	额	-2,368.61	-2,066.37	-1,279.88
赔付率 (%)		64.05	63.42	62.38
费用率 (%)		31.47	31.90	33.76
综合成本率	(%)	95.52	95.32	96.14

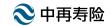
注:

^{1、}退保率 = 当期退保金 / ((年初长期寿险、长期健康险责任准备金余额 + 年末长期寿险、长期健康险责任准备金余额) (2)

^{2、}赔付率 = (赔付支出-摊回赔付支出+提取保险责任准备金-摊回保险责任准备金)/已赚保费

^{3、}费用率 = (分保费用 - 摊回分保费用 + 业务及管理费) / 已赚保费

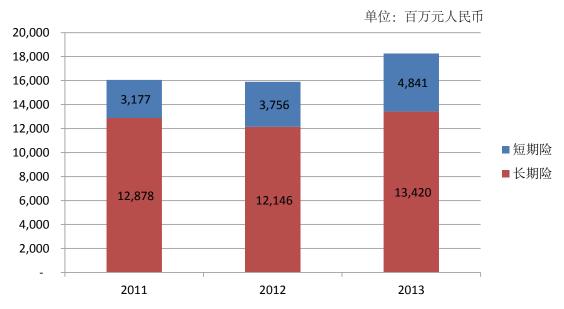
^{4、}综合成本率 = 赔付率 + 费用率



十、业务分析

1、分保费收入

2013年,公司实现分保费收入 182.61 亿元人民币,较 2012年同比增长 14.83%。其中,2011年 -2013年的分保费收入情况如图。



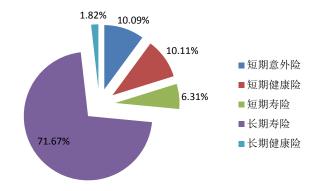
2、自留保费

2013年,公司自留保费达到 162.25亿元人民币,较 2012年同比增长 8.15%。其中,短期险业务自留保费收入 37.36亿元人民币,同比增长 30.80%;长期险业务自留保费收入 124.89亿元人民币,同比增长 2.82%。2011年 -2013年的自留保费收入情况如图:



3、险种结构

2013年公司坚持优化业务结构,注重平衡协调发展,积极推动短期险保障型业务发展,重点加强长期 险高内含价值业务和共保业务的开拓,合理控制新业务压力,不断提高业务承保质量。公司在积极发展传统 再保险业务同时,加大资源投入,着力发展创新业务,初步形成了传统再保险业务、特殊再保险业务、新市 场与新产品业务平衡发展的业务格局。公司各险种分保费收入分布如图:



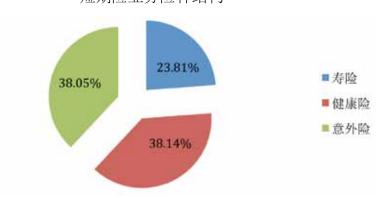
4、分保方式分布

公司致力于为客户提供多样化承保方式,能够为客户量身定做满足客户需求、监管要求和当地法规的再保险方案。在比例再保险方面,既有以风险保费为基础的分保协议,也有基于原始保费的共保、修正共保分保协议;同时,公司积极推动巨灾超赔、险位超赔、停止损失超赔等非比例再保险业务,为客户提供风险保障。公司还秉承灵活的临分承保政策,为客户提供有效的业务支持。其中,比例再保险分保方式为公司的最主要的分保方式,比例合同业务在公司 2013 年保费收入中占据主要地位。

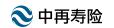
5、短期险业务概况

短期险险种结构

2013年,公司实现短期险业务保费收入 48.41 亿元人民币,其中短期寿险业务保费收入 11.52 亿元人民币,同比增长 51.64%;短期健康险业务保费收入 18.46 亿元人民币,同比增长 45.81%;短期意外险业务保费收入 18.42 亿元人民币,同比增长 6.48%。2013 年短期险业务险种结构分布如图:

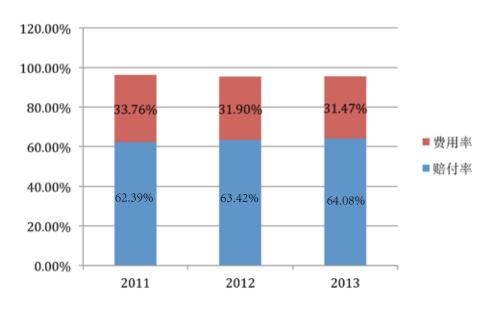


短期险业务险种结构



短期险综合成本率

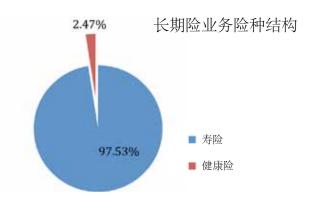
2013年,公司短期险规模快速增长,业务成本基本稳定。短期险业务的综合成本率由 2012年的 95.32% 略上升至 2013年的 95.52%。2011年 - 2013年三年的综合成本率情况如图:



6、长期险业务概况

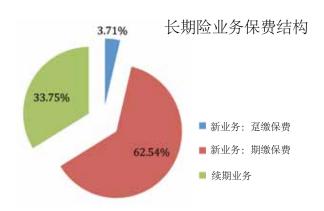
长期险险种结构

2013年,公司实现长期险业务保费收入 134.20亿元人民币,其中长期寿险业务保费收入 130.88亿元人民币,同比增长11.00%;长期健 康险业务保费收入3.32亿元人民币,同比下降 6.57%。2013年长期险业务险种结构分布如图:



长期险业务保费结构

2013年,公司长期险实现新业务保费收入 88.91亿元人民币,较上年同期上升 10.47%。 其中,趸缴业务保费收入达到 4.98亿元人民币, 较上年同期下降 61.72%; 期缴业务保费收入 83.93亿元人民币,较上年同期上升 24.40%。 长期险业务保费结构如图:



第四部分 基本资料

十一、 公司及分支机构联系方式

1、总公司

电话: 总机: 010-66576366 66576365

传真: 66576363 66576262

地址:北京市西城区金融大街 11 号中国再保险大厦 9 层、15 层、16 层

邮编: 100033

2、上海分公司

总机: 021-58369788

传真: 021-58369570

地址: 上海市浦东新区陆家嘴环路 1318 号星展银行大厦 3 层 304 单元

邮编: 200120

3、深圳分公司

总机: 0755-25835868 传真: 0755-82070386

地址:深圳市深南东路 5002 号地王商业大楼 4312—4315 邮编: 518008

CHINA LIFE REINSURANCE COMPANY LTD

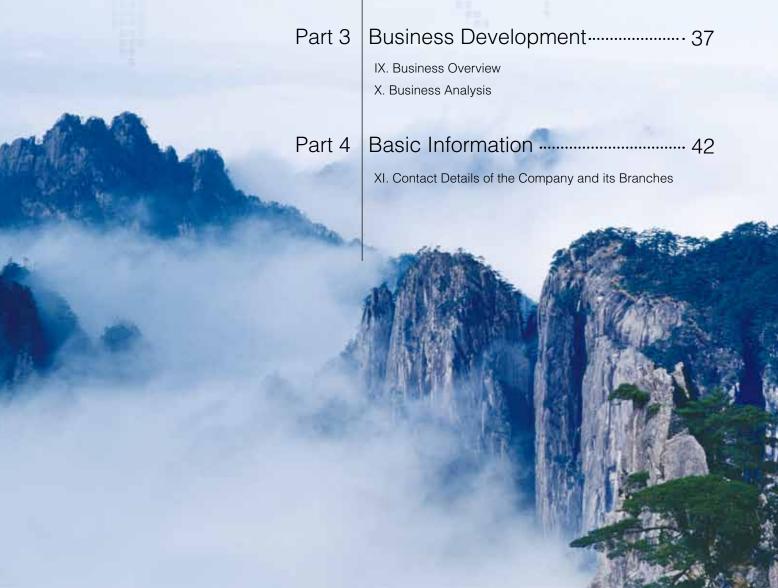
The Company adheres to the principal of "integrity and prudence", focuses on the creation of shareholders' value, targets at market and clients' needs and dedicates itself to building a sustainable, time-honored company.







CONTENTS CompanyOverview-----24 I. About the Company II. Directors, Supervisors & Senior Management III. Organization Structure Financial Status 28 Part 2 IV. Balance Sheet V. Income Statement VI. Cash Flow Statement VII. Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity VIII. Notes to the Financial Statements Business Development ---- 37



Part 1

Part 1 Company Overview

I. About the Company



China Life Reinsurance Company Limited ("the Company") is the only specialized life reinsurance company in China approved by the State Council and China Insurance Regulatory Commission (CIRC) and founded in December 2003. The Company has a registered capital of RMB6.72 billion and it is a main business subsidiary of China Reinsurance (Group) Corporation ("China Re Group") who controls its majority shareholding. With its headquarters in Beijing, it has a branch in Shanghai and Shenzhen respectively.

The Company adheres to the principal of "integrity and prudence", focuses on the creation of shareholders' value, targets at market and clients' needs and dedicates itself to building a sustainable, time-honored company.

The scope of business of the Company covers a wide range of insurance types, including life insurance, health insurance, accident insurance, and annuity insurance. The Company resolves risks for clients by reinsurance including treaty reinsurance, facultative reinsurance, proportional reinsurance and non- proportional reinsurance, etc.



The Company has a profound understanding of Chinese life reinsurance market and has accumulated rich experience. It diversifies risks for customers by means of specialized technical services and has gradually established a cooperation mechanism of "long-term cooperation, risk sharing, profit sharing, and win-win cooperation". At present, the Company has almost established business relations with all life insurance companies in China and has won a good reputation in the market. Besides, its market share has always been in a leading position. Furthermore, the Company has attached great importance to strengthening the communication with international life insurance and life reinsurance companies, paid close attention to the development tendency and business innovation of international life insurance and life reinsurance market, and taken an active part in developing international reinsurance business.

The Company has a large number of young, professional and highly qualified talents and experienced actuaries, underwriters, claim examiners and marketing talents. The Company can provide customers with the best quality service in a fast way and provides personalized services according to the needs of different customers.

In 2013, the Company's premium income, asset scale, after-tax profit, shareholder return and other operating indicators set new records. Net reinsurance premium income of the Company reached RMB18,261 million and reinsurance premium totaled RMB21,345 million (including RMB3,085 million from universal life insurance). Total assets, owner's equity, pre-tax profit and net profit of the Company in 2013 was RMB59,603 million, RMB7,787 million, RMB1,209 million and RMB948 million, respectively. At the end of 2013, the Company has treaty relations with more than 90 insurance companies domestic and overseas. The number of the Company' valid contracts (including accessory contracts) had exceeded 1,000, of which new contracts and accessory contracts with the Company as the chief reinsurer accounted for 80%. The solvency margin ratio of the Company stood at 174% on December 31, 2013 according to such rules as the Rules for Preparation and Reporting of Solvency of Insurance Companies of CIRC.

Since 2010, the Company has won the Class A FSR (financial strength rating) and Class A ICR (issuer credit rating) of A.M. Best Company. The ratings reflect the good capital position of the Company after risk adjustment, the sound provisioning policy of the Company, and the leading position of the Company in Chinese reinsurance market and provide necessary supports for the Company to realize the strategic objectives of market-oriented, specialization and internationalization.

II. Directors, Supervisors & Senior Management

1. Members of the Board of Directors

Name	Position	Beginning of tenure
Wang Pingsheng	Chairman	November 2012
Zhang Xiaohong	Vice Chairman	July 2009
Xie Gang	Director	June 2011
Qin Hongbo	Director	July 2012
Zuo Huiqiang	Director	November 2012
Li Ming	Director	November 2012
Qu Jiahao	Director	July 2012

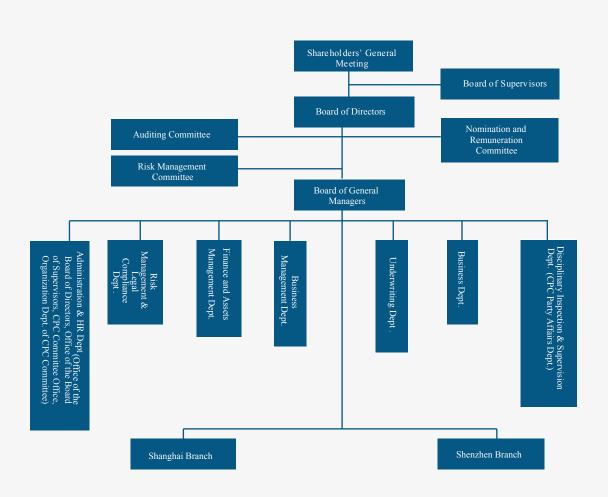
2. Members of the Board of Supervisors

Name	Position	Beginning of tenure
Jiang Zhixi	Chairman of the Board of Supervisors	June 2009
Cao Shunming	Supervisor	November 2011
Gu Xiangkun	Employee Supervisor	June 2009

3. Senior Management

Name	Position	Beginning of tenure
Zhang Xiaohong	General Manager	January 2006
Xie Gang	Compliance Supervisor	June 2011
Chang Visaning	Deputy General Manager	July 2009
Cheng Xiaoping	Chief Financial Officer	February 2010
Fang Li	Deputy General Manager	July 2009
T' M.:	Deputy General Manager	February 2011
Tian Meipan	Chief Actuary	July 2009





Part 2 Financial Status

IV. Balance Sheet

Unit: in RMB yuan

Assets	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,053,220,037	505,694,754	263,291,794
Financial assets held for trading	1,299,227,939	1,425,039,033	266,973,733
Interest receivable	867,962,047	1,021,831,449	957,607,212
Reinsurance accounts receivable	4,480,376,440	3,092,219,814	3,793,079,167
Unearned reinsurance premium reserve receivable	183,574,256	166,277,582	146,192,875
Outstanding reinsurance claim reserve receivable	1,171,090,567	740,674,805	364,724,524
Life reinsurance premium reserve receivable	951,687,877	-	-
Time deposits	14,120,000,000	15,808,856,500	9,361,363,050
Available-for-sale financial assets	14,846,205,577	11,330,370,033	10,452,151,742
Held-to-maturity investments	9,655,637,565	8,695,843,841	5,002,227,901
Loans and receivables	3,443,000,000	2,573,000,000	258,000,000
Policyholder pledged loans	180,308,217	153,092,060	79,204,139
Long-term equity investment	20,400,000	20,400,000	20,400,000
Deposit for capital recognizance	2,250,000,000	1,280,000,000	930,000,000
Fixed assets	6,578,848	7,576,348	7,872,542
Intangible assets	12,712,265	12,645,546	8,560,342
Other assets	5,060,885,342	6,931,803,954	5,556,716,193
Incl.: refundable reinsurance reserve	4,975,666,826	6,711,665,828	5,324,842,823
Total assets	59,602,866,977	53,765,325,719	37,468,365,214





V. Income Statement

Item	Year 2013	Year 2012	Year 2011
I. Operating revenues	18,652,946,307	16,819,172,600	16,440,188,940
Net premium earned	16,169,851,082	15,010,580,326	15,433,058,392
Gross written premium	18,260,628,437	15,902,507,198	16,055,082,676
Incl.: Reinsurance premium	18,260,628,437	15,902,507,198	16,055,082,676
Less: Premium ceded	(2,035,752,601)	(900,228,000)	(949,150,704)
Net changes of unearned premium reserve	(55,024,754)	8,301,128	327,126,420
Investment income	2,145,767,548	1,443,944,323	780,661,198
Net gains (losses) on fair value change	11,657,841	2,333,219	(34,084,755)
Foreign currency exchange gains (losses)	34,852,806	598,276	(5,790,710)
Other income	290,817,030	361,716,456	266,344,815
II. Operating expenses	(17,443,451,949)	(16,377,445,167)	(16,266,017,698)
Policy surrenders	(5,789,125,117)	(3,931,906,634)	(1,583,477,715)
Compensation expenses	(4,635,840,472)	(4,362,336,773)	(1,740,829,196)
Less: amortized compensation expense	396,903,760	353,357,226	138,708,409
Increase in insurance reserves	(4,981,153,371)	(6,304,015,902)	(11,355,338,637)
Less: Amortized insurance reserves/(reversal of reinsurance reserves)	1,382,103,639	375,950,281	293,601,789
reinsurance expenses	(3,663,058,250)	(2,347,105,252)	(2,423,690,473)
Business taxes and surcharges	(7,364,502)	(11,441,480)	(3,547,065)
Operation and administrative expenses	(130,693,421)	(141,076,967)	(126,141,801)
Less: recovered reinsurance expenses	238,611,112	130,132,672	410,625,094
Other operating expenses	(267,119,369)	(115,421,424)	(39,991,894)
Reversal of asset impairment losses	13,284,042	(23,580,914)	164,063,791
III. Operating profit	1,209,494,358	441,727,433	174,171,242
Plus: Other income	19,259	36,260	16,200
Less: Other expenses	(816,218)	(320,242)	(111,947)
IV. Net profits before income taxes	1,208,697,399	441,443,451	174,075,495
Less: Income tax expenses	(260,759,747)	(80,881,413)	(41,301,748)
V. Net profit	947,937,652	360,562,038	132,773,747
VI. Other comprehensive income	(582,793,135)	217,007,075	(310,897,831)
VII. Total comprehensive income (loss)	365,144,517	577,569,113	(178,124,084)



VI. Cash Flow Statement

Item	Year 2013	Year 2012	Year 2011
I. Cash flow from operating activities			
Cash from reinsurance premium	5,253,124,901	6,243,458,121	8,167,589,523
Net increase in investment insurance contract value	3,042,601,455	1,355,501,083	328,401,560
Cash received relating to other operating activities	47,945,370	6,091,187	3,324,841
Sub-total of cash inflow from operating activities	8,343,671,726	7,605,050,391	8,499,315,924
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	(83,367,251)	(69,958,857)	(58,107,989)
Taxes paid	(223,163,237)	(11,922,722)	(11,811,775)
Cash paid relating to other operating activities	(67,375,375)	(56,142,912)	(46,717,049)
Sub-total of cash outflow to operating activities	(373,905,863)	(138,024,491)	(116,636,813)
Net cash flow from operating activities	7,969,765,863	7,467,025,900	8,382,679,111
II. Cash flow from investing activities			
Cash received from principal repayment	7,512,772,905	8,876,856,250	6,403,157,325
Cash received from investment income	2,252,237,582	1,367,936,146	337,440,561
Cash received from securities purchased	76,671,760,840	20 012 020 725	39,056,119,614
under resale agreement	70,071,700,840	30,813,028,725	37,030,117,014
Cash received from other investing activities	106,113,050	263,326,725	64,338,120
Sub-total of cash inflow from investing activities	86,542,884,377	41,321,147,846	45,861,055,620
Cash paid for investment	(12,750,983,174)	(23,283,153,929)	(16,481,805,586)
Cash paid for purchase and construction of fixed	(7,410,298)	(7 145 730)	(6,928,936)
assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	(7,410,290)	(7,145,730)	(0,720,730)
Cash paid for securities purchased under resale agreement	(76,607,698,000)	(30,957,050,015)	(39,038,700,000)
Cash paid for other investing activities	(185,961,214)	(197,353,756)	(85,769,282)
Sub-total of cash outflow to investing activities	(89,552,052,686)	(54,444,703,430)	(55,613,203,804)
Net cash flow from investing activities	(3,009,168,309)	(13,123,555,584)	(9,752,148,184)
III. Cash flow from financing activities			
Cash from investment injections	1,000,000,000	1,500,000,000	-
Proceeds from securities sold under agreements to repurchase	42,042,654,307	89,372,479,640	9,771,900,000
Sub-total of cash inflow from financing activities	43,042,654,307	90,872,479,640	9,771,900,000
Cash paid for distributing dividends and profit or paying interests	(300,000,711)	(100,000,000)	
Cash paid for securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(47,237,634,360)	(84,842,641,635)	(8,649,281,224)
Sub-total of cash outflow to financing activities	(47,537,635,071)	(84,942,641,635)	(8,649,281,224)
Net cash flow from financing activities	(4,494,980,764)	5,929,838,005	1,122,618,776
IV. Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	34,918,867	(266,934)	(704,309)
on cash and cash equivalents	34,710,007	(200,934)	(704,507)
V. Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	500,535,657	273,041,387	(247,554,606)
Plus: Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	473,307,281	200,265,894	447,820,500
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	973,842,938	473,307,281	200,265,894

VII. Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity



207,355,098 1,258,840,069 7,787,079,777

Balance as at December 31, 2013 6,720,000,000 (606,470,488) 207,355,098



VIII. Notes

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises - Basic Standard and 38 specific accounting standards issued by MOF on February 15, 2006, and the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises - Application Guide, Interpretation of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and other relevant regulations issued thereafter (hereinafter jointly referred to as the "ASBE").

2. Accounting year

The accounting year starts on January 1 and ends on December 31.

3. Recording currency

The recording currency is Renminbi (RMB).

4. Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into RMB using the exchange rates approximate to the spot exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions, which are determined in a systematic and reasonable manner.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currency are translated into RMB using the spot exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from these translations are recognized in profit or loss for the current period. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated on the balance sheet date using the spot exchange rate on the date of the transaction. The effect of exchange rate changes on cash is presented separately in the Cash Flow Statement.

5. Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following categories at initial recognition: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans, receivables, available-for-sale financial assets and held-to-maturity investments. The classification of financial assets depends on the Company's intention and capacities to hold financial assets.

6. Fixed assets and their depreciation

Fixed assets comprise houses and buildings, electronic device, electrical equipment, office and word processing equipment, transportation equipment, office furniture, etc. Fixed assets purchased or constructed by the Company are initially measured by cost at the time of acquisition.

Fixed assets are depreciated over their estimated service life with the straight-line method after deducting the estimated residual values from the cost. For the fixed assets for which allowance for impairment loss has been set aside, the related depreciation amount is determined based upon the adjusted carrying value over their remaining service life.

7. Intangible assets

Intangible assets of the Company mainly include computer software system, which are measured at actual cost and amortized using straight-line method over 5 years. When the recoverable amount of an intangible asset is lower than its book value, the book value should be written down to the recoverable amount.

8. Material risk test

The Company splits the contracts with distinguishable and separately measurable insurance risk and other risks into insurance contracts for those with determinable insurance risk and non-insurance contracts for those with other determinable risks. In case of undistinguishable insurance risk from other risks, or distinguishable but immeasurable separately, the contract is deemed as an insurance contract if there is material insurance risk, or as a non-insurance contract if there is no material insurance risk. All insurance contracts of the Company are reinsurance contracts.

Reinsurance premium is recognized as the current revenue in accordance with estimates from cedants' relevant premium income in each accounting period and the terms of related reinsurance contracts. The Company's contracts not in line with definition of insurance contracts are recognized and measured as financial assets or liabilities.

9. Insurance contract cost

Insurance contract cost is mainly composed of commission fees incurred, claim costs and provision of various insurance reserves.

Claim costs comprise the compensation and benefits paid by insurers, and claim expenses incurred in the claim process, including attorney fees, litigation costs, damage survey fee, and remuneration of related claims personnel, etc. Claim costs, together with commission fees incurred in the process of obtaining insurance contract are recognized in profit or loss for the current period at the time of incurrence.

In the current period of recognizing reinsurance premium income, reinsurance expenses are calculated and recognized in profit or loss for the current period according to the terms of related reinsurance contracts. In accordance with reinsurance contracts, the Company recognizes the reinsurance expenses of adjustment and profit commission in profit or loss for the current period in the case that such adjustment and profit commission paid to the cedant can be determined.

When receiving a reinsurance bill, the Company adjusts the related reinsurance expenses estimated at the prior period according to the amount stated on the bill and recognizes the adjustment in profit or loss for the current period.

In the current period of receiving a reinsurance bill, the Company recognizes the reinsurance claim costs, equivalent to the amount of reinsurance compensation listed on the bill, in profit or loss for the current period, and adjusts the balance of the corresponding reinsurance reserve at the same time.

In the current period of determining reinsurance premium income, the Company, according to the related outward reinsurance contracts, calculates and recognizes premiums ceded and reinsurance expenses which should be recovered from the reinsurer in profit or loss for the current period. In the current period of determining the amount of an indemnity payment or the claims actually incurred to offset the corresponding reserve balance of reinsurance contracts, the Company calculates and recognizes claim cost which should be recovered from the reinsurer in profit or loss for the current period, and offsets the claim cost against the balance of corresponding receivable reinsurance reserve.



10. Insurance contract reserve

Based on the prospective net cash outflow arising from insurance contracts on the balance sheet date, the Company determines insurance contract reserve in consideration of the effect of time value of money. For the determination of the reserve, the Company combines the insurance contracts with homogeneous insurance risks as one measurement unit.

When determining the insurance contract reserve, the Company takes into consideration marginal factors and measures it separately. During the insurance period, the Company adopts systematic and reasonable approaches to recognize the marginal factors in profit or loss for the current period. At the initial confirmation day of insurance contracts, gains on the first day will not be recognized, but losses incurred on the first day will be recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

In the current period of appropriating profits as various insurance contracts reserves, the Company, according to the terms of relevant reinsurance contracts, estimates cash flow of reinsurance contracts and recognizes the insurance contract reserve which should be recovered from reinsurer as the corresponding asset of reinsurance reserve receivable.

11. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities mainly include financial assets sold under agreements to repurchase and policyholder deposits and investments.

Financial assets sold under agreements to repurchase are the funds raised from selling and repurchasing notes, securities and loans at fixed price under relevant repurchase agreement, and are measured at amortized cost.

Relevant liabilities under the investment contracts are recorded as policyholder deposits and investments and recognized initially at fair value. Its subsequent measurement adopts amortized costs.

When all or partial current obligations of financial liabilities have been discharged, such financial liabilities or the part with obligations discharged are derecognized. Differences between carrying value and consideration paid of such part are recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

12. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated and recognized based on the differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying value (temporary differences). Deductible losses, which may set off against taxable income in the coming years according to tax laws, are deemed as temporary difference to determine the corresponding deferred tax assets. On the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the applicable tax rate during the period expected for recovery of such assets or settlement of such liabilities.

Deferred tax assets are determined under the limit of taxable income of the Company which is probably used to set off the deductible temporary differences, deductible losses and tax credits.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities meeting the following conditions are presented at net amount after offset:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the income tax levied on the same taxpayer of the Company by the same tax



collection and administration authority.

The taxpayer is legally entitled to settle the current deferred tax assets and liabilities at their net amount.

13. General risk reserve

According to the Accounting System for Financial Institutions – Implementation Guide published by Ministry of Finance on March 30, 2007, the Company set aside for general risk reserve based on 10% of the current year net profits, which should be used for compensation for major catastrophes instead of dividend distribution or transfer to paid-in capital.

14. Taxation

The Company adopts 25% of corporate income tax rate.

Business tax rate of the Company is 5%. Business taxes and surcharges include urban maintenance and construction tax and education surcharge paid at a certain percentage of business tax.

The Company pays business taxes of price difference income obtained from trading stocks, securities investment funds and bonds in accordance with regulations.

Audit opinions:

The Company's financial statements for 2013 have been audited by KPMG Huazhen, which has issued a standard unqualified audit report.



Part 3 Business Development

IX. Business Overview

In 2013, focusing on long-term capital return, the Company vigorously pushed forward system and mechanism reform and renovation, secured the market-dominant position of its core business, intensified efforts and increased inputs in developing strategic businesses and grasped strategic market opportunity to advance the business in a balanced manner. Business scope of the Company covers life insurance, health insurance, accident insurance, annuity insurance and others. It offers contract reinsurance and facultative reinsurance to help clients transfer and mitigate risks in proportional or non-proportional reinsurance arrangement. It consolidated its leading role in China's life reinsurance market, and achieved stable growth in cross-border RMB settlement business. Its business cooperation has covered the regions and countries such as Hong Kong, Macau and Singapore, and its influence in overseas market continued to escalate. As at the end of 2013, the Company entered contracts with over 90 domestic and overseas companies, and the number of in-force contracts and accessory contracts exceeded 1,000.

In 2013, the Company realized RMB18,261 million of reinsurance premium income, including RMB4,841 million from short-term insurance business, representing a year-on-year increase of 28.87%; combined loss ratio decreased by 0.19 percentage points year-on-year; long-term insurance business premium income was RMB13,420 million, up 10.48%; A/E performance of mortality and morbidity and AHI was good, but the surrender rate significantly increased from that of 2012 due to the termination of some financial reinsurance contracts.



Key business indicators of the Company

Unit: in RMB millions

Indicator	December 31, 2013 January - December 2013	December 31, 2012 January - December 2012	December 31, 2011 January - December 2011
Investment assets	45,814.78	41,286.60	26,370.32
Net return on investment	4.96	4.37	4.16
(investment tax deducted) (%)			
■Long-term insurance business			
Reinsurance premium	13,419.83	12,146.30	12,878.22
Premium ceded	930.49	-	-
Retention ratio (%)	93.07	100.00	100.00
Net reinsurance expense	-2,314.55	-1,340.75	-1,181.80
Net claims	-1,870.20	-1,942.60	-322.25
Net surrender value	-5,789.25	-3,931.91	-1,583.48
Surrender rate (%)	16.77	9.72	7.47
■Short-term insurance business			
Reinsurance premium	4,840.80	3,756.21	3,176.87
Premium ceded	-1,105.26	-900.23	-949.15
Retention ratio (%)	77.17	76.03	70.12
Net premiums earned	3,680.51	2,864.28	2,554.84
Net reinsurance expense	-1,109.66	-875.83	-831.27
Net claims	-2,368.61	-2,066.37	-1,279.88
Compensation ratio (%)	64.05	63.42	62.38
Expense ratio (%)	31.47	31.90	33.76
Combined cost ratio (%)	95.52	95.32	96.14

Notes:

- 1. Surrender rate = Surrender amount in 2013 / ((Long-term life insurance and long-term health insurance reserves at the beginning of 2013+ Long-term life insurance and long-term health insurance reserves at the end of 2013) /2)
- 2. Compensation ratio = (Claims Ceded claims + Increase of insurance reserves Ceded insurance reserves) / Earned premium
- 3. Expense ratio = (Commission expenses Ceded commission expenses + Operating and administrative expenses) / Earned premium
- 4. Combined cost ratio = Compensation ratio + Expense ratio

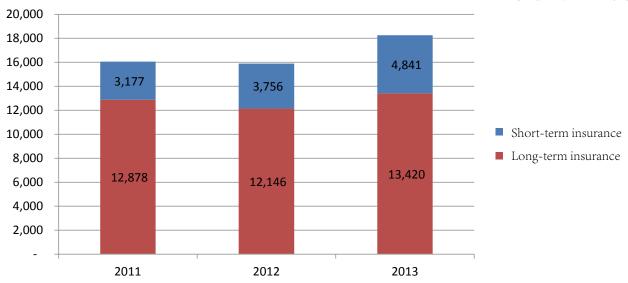


X. Business Analysis

1. Reinsurance premium

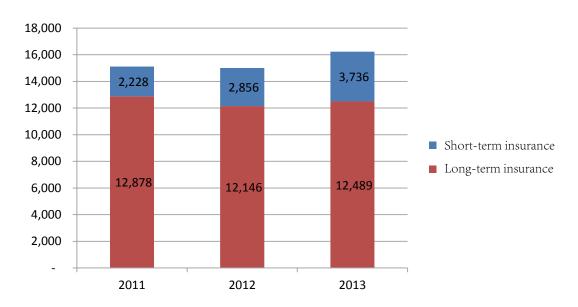
In 2013, the Company achieved RMB18,261 million of reinsurance premium income, representing an increase of 14.83% compared with the previous year. The reinsurance premium income during 2011 - 2013 is as follows:





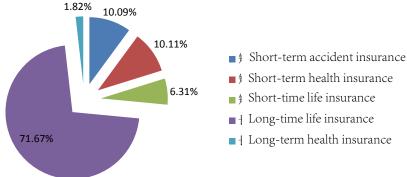
2. Retained premium

In 2013, retained premium of the Company reached RMB16,225 million, with a year-on-year increase of 8.15% compared with 2012, including RMB3,736 million of retained premium from short-term insurance business, up 30.80% and RMB12,489 million of premium from long-term insurance business, down 2.82% on a year-on-year basis. The retained premiums during 2011 – 2013 are shown below:



3. Insurance type structure

In 2013, the Company managed to continuously optimize its business portfolio and promote balanced development through increasing the share of short-term high-security insurance businesses, and emphasized the development of high value long-term business and coinsurance business. It continuously improved its insurance quality while reasonably controlling pressures from new businesses. In addition to developing traditional reinsurance business, it also increased input into and gave priority to the growth of innovative business, and a business pattern started to take shape with the balanced development among traditional reinsurance, special reinsurance and new market and new products business. The reinsurance premium by insurance type is as follows:



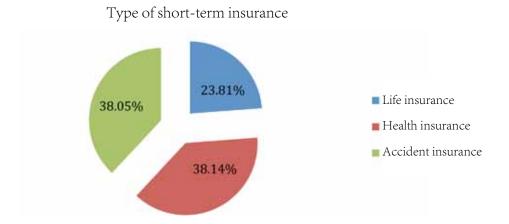
4. Distribution of reinsurance modes

The Company is committed to providing diversified tailor-made reinsurance solutions to clients, which meet the clients' demand, regulatory requirements and local reinsurance laws and regulations. In terms of proportional reinsurance, the Company accepts risk premium reinsurance as well as original premium coinsurance and modified coinsurance. Also, the Company proactively promoted such non-proportional reinsurance business as catastrophe excess of loss (XL), working XL and stop-loss XL, which safeguarded the clients against risks. Furthermore, it adopts flexible reinsurance underwriting policy to support client's business. Proportional reinsurance is the primary mode adopted by the Company, and proportional contract business contributed a large part of the Company's gross premium income in 2013.

5. Overview of short-term insurance business

Structure of short-term insurance types

In 2013, the Company realized RMB4,841 million of short-term insurance premium income, of which, short-term life insurance premium income was RMB1,152 million, a year-on-year increase of 51.64%; short-term health insurance premium income was RMB1,846 million, a year-on-year increase of 45.81%; and short-term accident insurance premium income was RMB1,842 million, a year-on-year increase of 6.48%. The short-term insurance business structure in 2013 is as follows:

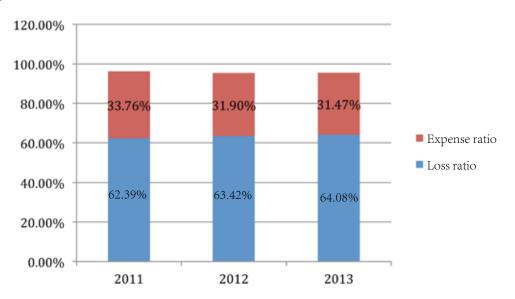


40 Business Development



Combined cost ratio of short-term insurance business

In 2013, the Company's short-term insurance witnessed rapid growth and stable business cost. In 2013, combined cost ratio of short-term insurance business increased slightly to 95.52% from 95.32% of the previous year. The combined cost ratios during 2011 - 2013 are as follows:

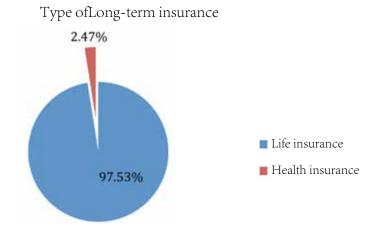


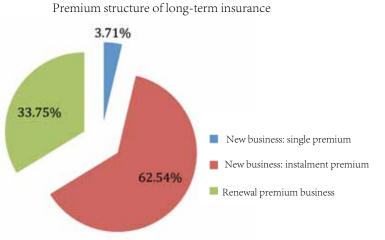
6. Overview of long-term insurance business

Structure of long-term insurance types

In 2013, the Company achieved RMB13,420 million of long-term insurance premium income, of which, long-term life insurance premium income was RMB13,088 million, a year-on-year increase of 11.00%; and long-term health insurance premium income was RMB332 million, a year-on-year decrease of 6.57%. The long-term insurance business structure in 2013 is as follows:

Premium structure of long-term insurance business In 2013, the premium income from new long-term insurance business of the Company reached RMB8,891 million, up 10.47% year on year, including RMB498 million of single premium income, down 61.72% on a year-on-year basis and RMB8,393 million of installment premium income, representing a growth of 24.40% over the same period of the previous year. The premium structure of long-term insurance business is as follows:





Part 4 Basic Information

X. Contact Details of the Company and Its Branches

1. Headquarters

Tel. (exchange): 010-66576366 66576365

Fax: 66576363 66576262

Address: Floors 9, 15 and 16, China Re Building, No. 11 Jinrong Avenue, Xicheng District, Beijing, China

Post code: 100033

2. Shanghai Branch

Tel. (exchange): 021-58369788

Fax: 021-58369570

Address: Suite 304 DBS Bank Tower, No.1318 Lujiazui Ring Road, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, China

Post code: 200120

3. Shenzhen Branch

Tel. (exchange): 0755—25835868 Fax: 0755—82070386

Address: Room 4312-4315, Shun Hing Square, No. 5002, Shennan East Road, Shenzhen, China Post code: 518008



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 ${\tt Address:No.11\ Jinrong\ Avenue,Xicheng\ District,Beijing,China}$

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